

RCRC Approaches to reach vulnerable communities and evidence the impact of IBF and Climate Services

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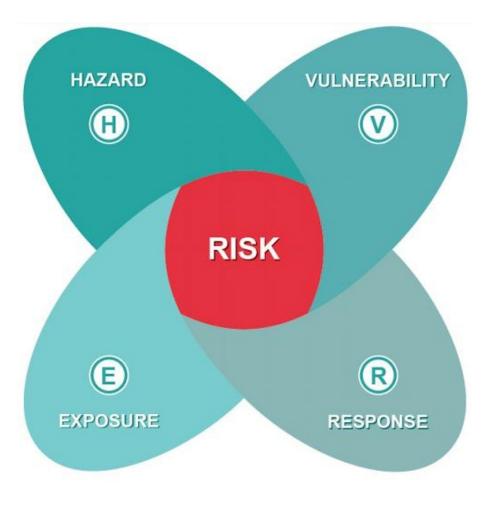
Red Cross Red Crescent Climate Centre

Importance of vulnerability in Impact-based Forecasting

The effectiveness of Early Action also requires a good understanding of vulnerability.

Many of the most vulnerable groups are unfortunately often overlooked in humanitarian climate action, reducing the impact.

These vulnerable groups include displaced people AND their host communities, people living alone with disabilities, marginalised minorities, etc



Approaches to reach vulnerable communities: the Enhanced Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment (EVCA)

Communities are the first to notice and face the impacts of extreme weather and climate events.

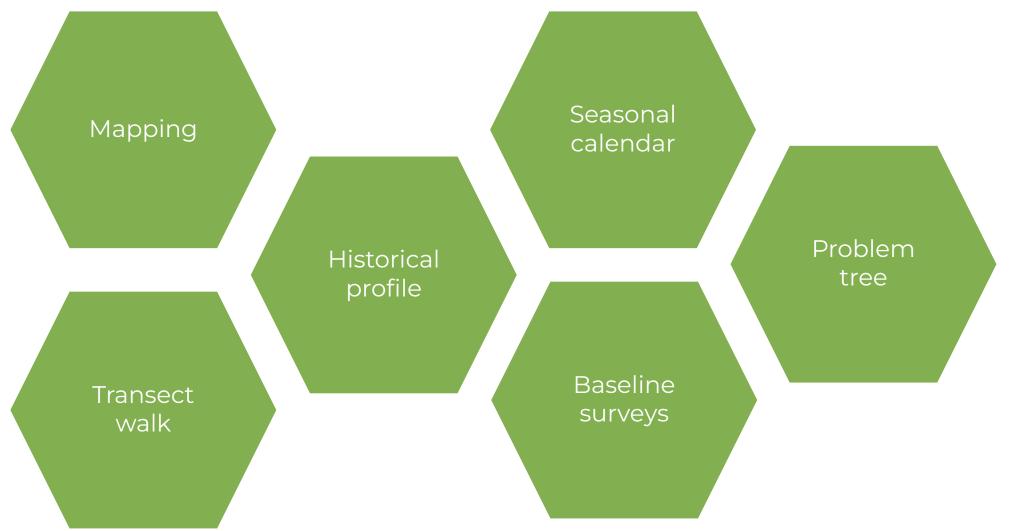
They have the knowledge on the impacts and related vulnerability.

Talking to communities gives them a chance to dissect the impact/vulnerability information and even to come up with strategies to deal with them.



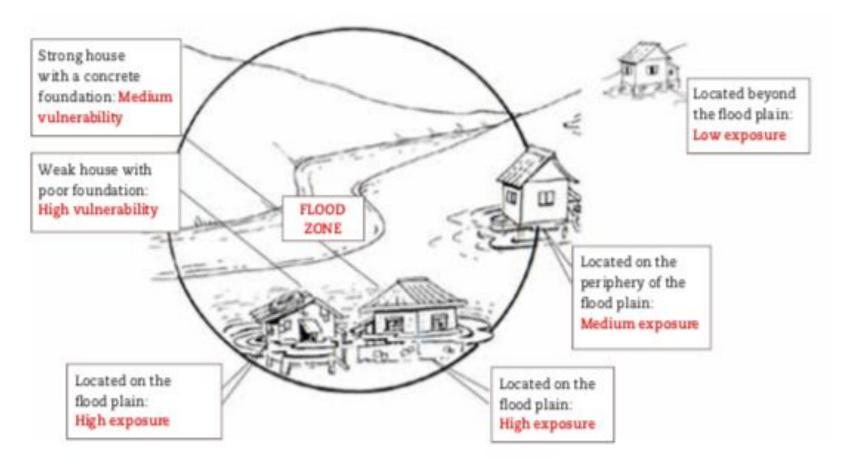
Approaches to reach vulnerable communities: the Enhanced Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment

The Red Cross Red Crescent EVCA approach uses participatory community engagement tools to assess the vulnerability and coping capacity of communities.



Approaches to reach vulnerable communities: the Enhanced Vulnerability and Capacity Assessment

Example using mapping



Climate service dissemination

Case study of the Burkina Faso Alert Hub initiative for Common Alerting Protocol

Bringing together the Met Agency and the Red Cross community volunteers to help:

- Understand weather and climate observation and prediction systems
- Understand the impacts of different hazards on communities and need for information
- Co-develop standard messages for individuals and households to add to weather forecasts for different hazards



